

Tennis & Golfer's Elbow

TENNIS ELBOW

Symptoms

Pain on the outer side of the elbow.

Pain radiating down to the forearm or up towards the upper arm.

Unable to grip things properly.

Unable to carry heavy weights.

Signs

Tenderness on the outer side of the elbow over the lateral epicondyle.

Grip is weak and painful.

Resisted extension and radial deviation of the wrist is painful.

One or more of the above signs may be present.

Investigations

X-rays are usually within normal limits. X-ray is generally done to rule out other conditions, e.g. osteoarthritis of the elbow.

Blood tests are generally not necessary, unless other co-existing conditions are suspected, e.g. gout, etc.

Treatment

Essentially conservative. To start in the acute phases, NSAIDs.

Physiotherapy.

Local injection of hydrocortisone and local Anaesthetic, depending on the response – up to 3 injections can be given (generally at an interval of 6 weeks).

The above procedures can be organised either through the surgery, or by referral to hospital. If the symptoms persist in spite of the above treatment, referral to a hospital would be necessary. Surgery in hospital can generally be carried out as a day case procedure. In certain situations, depending on the patient, overnight stay may be necessary. Sutures are generally removed at 10 days and no further treatment is necessary.

Golfer's ELBOW

This condition is similar to Tennis Elbow, but is localised over the medial epicondyle on the inner side of the elbow.

Signs, Symptoms & Treatment

Are similar to Tennis Elbow, but by and large, Golfer's Elbow is more resistant to treatment than Tennis Elbow.

If you are interested in making an appointment to discuss a treatment, please click here to <u>contact us</u>, or telephone 01215807406

